

E RECALL OF PRESIDENT	Cabled Paragraphs	Schenn's Story	Purchased Rum	Condensed Telegrams	TAFT INSISTS UPON
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TAFT INSISTS UPON BUDGET PLAN

Directs All Department Officials to Submit Estimates in Conformity With It

ATTITUDE OF CONGRESS IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

President Takes Open Issue With Legislative Branch of the
Government—United States Only Country That Does
Not Have Budget—Only Accurate Method of Showing
Did Under Roosevelt—Champ Clark Swears Loyalty.

Severely. Sept. 19, President Taft took to the White House the bill to amend the act of the Treasury Franklin MacVeagh, taking open issue with congressmen who had been clamoring to get and directing all heads of government departments or independent officers of the government to make a list of the revenue and expenditures for the fiscal year in conformity with the budget plan. The President's action was widely publicized and the prohibition in any of the big supply bills passed by congress that no money be paid out of the treasury except on appropriation bills was insisted on by the President. He said that he had no objection to appropriations which were made on the basis of the budget, but that he would not permit the question of department heads. Even in his own organization, however, congressmen had been provided with the right to consider expenditures and estimates for appropriations in relation to revenue.

Security is granted for the expenditure of a thousand millions of dollars each year without any thought of the possibility of a deficit. This is done on the theory that there will be no deficit—congress has been

in the closing hours of the last session, practically forbidding the use of a budget system, is unconstitutional. He said that no other great nation in the world is without a budget system. The budget system has been the only way of doing what has been called "surplus financing," while the constitution makes congress responsible for money raising as well as for appropriations responsibility for borrowing has been

tem, pointed out that only through the aid of the people can the Government be made for the country's benefit of how the people's money is being expended and secured the effort of Congress to prevent its adoption. His letter to Mr. MacVeagh reads in part as follows:

Congress Can't Limit Information.

"If the president is to assume any responsibility for the manner in which the money is expended, he must be satisfied, it is evident he cannot be limited by congress to such information as he may desire. He must be free to do his purpose. In my opinion, it is entirely competent for the president to

shirred to the president by empow-
deficits in case a deficit may result.

**Great Question of National Expendi-
ture.**

"The great question of national ex-
penditure is raised by the action of
the Government referred to in this
we or shall we not. I do not ques-
budget? I do not question the con-
the manner in which the money is ex-
scribe the manner in which to per-
expenditures. I shall be glad to
submitted to it by department.
I do not question the practical wis-

Only Country Without Budget.

The United States is the only great country that doesn't have a budget. Every other nation in the world has one. And the United States is passing increasingly large appropriations, based on estimates which are submitted by officers acting in the capacity of ministerial agents to Congress, under a law which makes no

provisions whatever for executive review and revision. This I have sought in measure to combat by asking the heads of departments to send estimates to me before they were printed, but the conditions attached by Congress have made it impossible to make effective review impossible.

Secretary of Treasury Simply a Messenger.

"The present legal directions as to estimates are based on the theory that there is no need to take stock before the president approves of the estimates; it is not necessary to consider revenues or treasury resources. Congress has directed each executive office to submit

"Although my speech merely serves as a guide to the action of the country each year in reducing initial estimates of millions of dollars. It is not just the president's duty to make the estimates, but the duty of the executive branch to make the estimates when required to be submitted to Congress in the manner at present prescribed.

"I have gone thus far length as to indicate my position in that you may understand the reasons for urging that you co-operate with the commission on economy and efficiency in its work. The reports of the commissions and summaries as will enable me to place before Congress and the country for the first time in our

the treasury, who is made to serve in the capacity of an official messenger without any direction whatever unless a department head may fail to prepare a request for appropriations in the form prescribed by congress, in which event the secretary of the treasury has imposed upon him the duty to submit an estimate for him.

"Congress has created certain con-

able, businesslike, proposal which w enable congress and the country to think in terms of what it is that the government is doing, what it is to do in the administration proposes to do. With this accomplished and the people can see the necessity of the case, or the proposals sent to congress and in the interest of public welfare and as such should be supported."

**TWO VERY IMPORTANT
"WITNESSES MISSING.**

Whereabouts of Standard Oil Company Directors Unknown.

New York, Sept. 19.—Two witnesses, both directors of the Standard Oil company of New York, much wanted

**TO TAX ALL OCCUPATIONS
AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.**

Philadelphia Mayor Makes Radical Recommendations.

Philadelphia, Sept. 19.—Mayor Jim Kennon sent to city council today a message remarkable for the unmis-

by counsel for the Waters-Pierce Oil company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company, by Standard Oil interests to obtain control of the company, cannot be found, it developed in testimony.

The men are C. M. Higgins and W. R. King, whom Samuel Untermyer, president of the Standard Oil Company, is anxious to examine to determine to what extent the Standard Oil company of New York competes with the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. Mr. Untermyer contends that the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company of New York was forced, and that the real

recommendations for increasing the city's income by the sale of bonds for adding to the borrowing capacity of the municipality. His recommendations include:

- a general tax of from 10 cents to 15 cents on all occupations.
- Tax on total value of all houses furnished with gas at \$200.
- Tax of \$1 on each \$1,000 worth of goods manufactured in the city.
- Tax on all motor vehicles in addition to the license tax.
- Tax on all overhauling shops.
- Tax on vaults under sidewalks.
- Tax on all vacant lots in streets.
- Banks to pay 1-2 to 1 on deposits.

"Where is Mr. Higgins?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"I can't tell you," Mr. Veit replied.

"We've tried a long time to get him. Can't you help us?"

"I have no idea where he is,"
"We have told you that we can't produce him," interrupted D. N. Kirby, counsel for the Standard Oil company.
"Where is Mr. King?" continued the Waters-Pierce attorney.
"Away on vacation somewhere. I

"No, I didn't; but I think he'll be back in a week or two."

"There anybody who has solicited business in these states within the last year?"

"No, I can't think of anybody near by," was the answer.

Mr. Velt said the Standard Oil company of New York transported oil on the Great Lakes for the Standard Oil company of Indiana and the Imperial Oil company, limited, of Canada, both formerly controlled by the now dissolved company.

GRANDDAUGHTER PLEADS FOR GEN. OROZCO'S LIFE.
Begs President Taft Not to Turn Him Over to Madrano.

Los Angeles, Sept. 13.—Fearful that

her grandfather still fall into the hands of President Madero of Mexico, which, according to her mode of reasoning, could mean his death. Kline, however, the seven year old daughter of General Orozco and granddaughter of Pascual Orozco, Sr., now under arrest at Marfa, Tex., sent this letter to President Diaz today:

My dear Mr. President: I am very glad to hear that the

ing from Boston to Croydon in a New York Central train. The section made up of 28 seats, disappeared from a small change house Mrs. Sprague about her neck.

The National Commission will hand out tickets for the world's series this year. No mail orders will be allowed.